DOA_2048 NIGHTS-MINIMUM WAGE Fiscal Effect State: No State Fiscal Implication			1999 Session			
Subject State: No State Fiscal Effect State: No State Fiscal Effect State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects as um sufficient appropriation Increase Existing Appropriation Increase Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues Decrease Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Existing Revenues Decrease Costs De			LRB or Bill No Adm. Rule No.			
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State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum sufficient appropriation Increase Existing Appropriation Increase Existing Revenues Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues Create New Appropriation Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Existing Revenues State Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Existing Revenues State Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Revenues State Costs Decrease Costs Decrease Revenues Decrease Revenue	Subject EQUAL RIGHTS-MINIMUM WAGE					
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Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues	Check columns below only if bill makes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1.	Decrease Existing Appropriation	Decrease Costs				
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate State costs: The department would need to annually update state minimum wage rates and inform affected employers through a mass mailing. The department would incur \$75,000 in annual costs (150,000 pieces of mail at \$0.50 per piece to cover postage, printing and materials) for the mass mailing and cost of updating the minimum wage regulations. Passage of this legislation will result in the department receiving an additional 200 complaints per year alleging employers aren't paying the minimum wage. Part of this increase will be due to the substantial increase (27%) in the minimum wage and part due to the fact the state minimum wage. Will be much higher than the federal minimum wage. Consequently many people who now might file minimum wage complaints with the federal government would be more likely to file with the department. The department will need one additional Equal Rights Officer-Senior (\$58,900 total annual cost, including \$47,400 for ealary and fringe benefits and \$11,500 for supplies and services, and non-time costs \$7,150 for equipment and office furnishings) to investigate and resolve the additional complaints each year. Additionally, there will be a one-time cost of approximately \$1,000 to reprint other related informational materials. Local costs: Government units who currently employ workers at or near the present minimum wage will experience increased costs when the state minimum wage is raised with passage of this legislation. The department lacks sufficient data to determine the exact number of workers who may be affected or the total cost to various levels of government. Adoption of this legislation will increase the annual salary of one full-time minimum wage employee from \$10,712 to \$13,624, an increase of \$2,912 (27% increase). For agricultural employees (18 years of age or older) the increase would amount to \$4,576 which would be a 54% increase. Long-Range Fiscal Implications All of the fiscal effects anticipated above would continue into	1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs	Permissive Mand	latory			
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State costs: The department would need to annually update state minimum wage rates and inform affected employers through a mass mailing. The department would incur \$75,000 in annual costs (150,000 pieces of mail at \$0.50 per piece to cover postage, printing and materials) for the mass mailing and cost of updating the minimum wage regulations. Passage of this legislation will result in the department receiving an additional 200 complaints per year alleging employers aren't paying the minimum wage. Part of this increases will be due to the substantial increase (27%) in the minimum wage and part due to the fact the state minimum wage. Part of this increases will be due to the substantial increase (27%) in the minimum wage and part due to the fact the state minimum wage will be much higher than the federal minimum wage. Consequently many people who now might file minimum wage complaints with the federal government would be more likely to file with the department. The department will need one additional Equal Rights Officer-Senior (\$58,900 total annual cost, including \$47,400 for salary and fringe benefits and \$11,500 for supplies and services, and one-time costs \$7,150 for equipment and office furnishings) to investigate and resolve the additional complaints each year. Additionally, there will be a one-time cost of approximately \$1,000 to reprint other related informational materials. Local costs: Government units who currently employ workers at or near the present minimum wage will experience increased costs when the state minimum wage is raised with passage of this legislation. The department lacks sufficient data to determine the exact number of workers who may be affected or the total cost to various levels of government. Adoption of this legislation will increase the annual salary of one full-time minimum wage employee from \$10,712 to \$13,624, an increase of \$2,912 (27% increase). For agricultural employees (18 years of age or older) the increase would amount to \$4,576 which would be a 54% increase. Long-R						
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DWD / Bob Anderson (Not Available) 206-3345

FISCAL ESTIMATE WORKSHEET			1999 Session	
Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect DOA-2047(R10/94)	Original Corrected	Updated Supplemental	LRB or Bill No./Adm Rule N AB-477 / LRB-3469/1	o. Amendment No.
Subject	:			
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Imp \$7,150 to equip one Equal Right	acts for State a ts Officer-Senio	nd/or Local Governme or position and \$1,000	nt (do not include in annu to reprint informational n	alized fiscal effect): naterials related to the
law change. II. Annualized Costs:			Annualized Fiscal Impact	on State funds from:
II. Alliualized Costs.			Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category State Operations - Salaries a	and Fringes		\$47,400	- \$0
(FTE Position Changes)			(1.00FTE)	(- FTE)
State Operations - Other Cos	sts		\$86,500	- \$0
Local Assistance	<u> </u>		\$0	- \$0
Aids to Individuals or Organi	zations		\$0	- \$0
TOTAL State Costs by	Category		\$133,900	- \$0
B. State Costs by Source of Funds			Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
GPR			\$133,900	- \$0
FED		·	\$0	- \$0
PRO/PRS			\$0	- \$0
SEG/SEG-S			\$0	- \$0
III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, etc.)			Increased Rev.	Decreased Rev.
GPR Taxes				- \$0
GPR Earned			\$0	
FED			\$0	- \$0
PRO/PRS			\$0	- \$0
SEG/SEG-S			\$0	- \$0
TOTAL State Revenue	es:		\$0	- \$0
	NET ANNUA	ALIZED FISCAL IMPAC	ст	
Net Change in Costs: Net Change in Revenues:		<u>STATE</u> \$133,900 \$0	LOC) \$1 \$1	0
Agency/Prepared by:(Name & Phone No.) DWD / Bob Anderson (Not Available)	266 - 3345	Authorized Signature/Telepho	one No.	Date 9/24/99